

[0030] The configuration of the busbar 36; i.e., flat and planar, is shown in Figure 9 as formed by a simple stamping operation. Thereafter, the stabs 82 are bent or folded out of the plane of the plate 80 along fold lines 86 to provide the configuration shown in Figure 8. It will be noted that in this configuration the height of the stabs 82 is independent of the lateral spacing between them. Therefore, tall stabs 82 suitable for use with conventional and contemporary circuit breakers may be provided without requiring additional space in between the stabs which increase spacing would, in turn, increase the overall size of the housing 10. As shown in Figure 8, the busbar 36 fits onto and into the panel 30 by means of a number of strategically shaped flanges 88 forming spaced pockets 90. The busbar 36 may be used in any application where a plurality of circuit breakers are disclosed in stacked; i.e., spaced parallel relationship within a housing.

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